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IRISH ARE STIRRED AS BRITISH DEMAND QUICK SETTLEMENT

inter arrived here last night, and its latimation that the British government would not consider any unreasonable delay in continuing negotiations caused some apprehension among the peoplé. Leaders of the dail eireann and members of the cabinet of Eamonn de Valera appeared, however, not to consider that the situation had become any more delicate than it had been since the exchanges began. changes began.

Modification Asked.

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Commenting on the letter from Mr. Lloyd George, the Freeman's Journal said today: "in our opinion the prime minister's latest communication bears the construction which Jan C. Smuts, premier of the Union of South Africa, put upon the original offer from the British government."

The Irish Independent urged the prime minister to readjust or modify the conditions to which the Irish leaders have taken exception, and said the alternative would be a renewal of war "on a scale that would appal humanity and would uttimately discredit and disgrace England."

"With the will to make peace on both sides," the newspaper said, "it ought to be possible to arrive by a conference at a basis upon which a settlement that is honorable and satisfactory to both sides could be effected."

Critical State Seen.

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The Irish Times said the immediate effect of Mr. De Valera's note to Lon-don and the reply of Prime Minister Loyd George had been to bring negotiation to a very critical point.

"The undoubted gravity of the situation call for cool heads and clear minds on both sides of the Irish sea." the newspaper adds. "A wearysome exchange of mere notes can serve ho useful purpose. Sooner or later some definite decision must be reached."

The general impression in Sinn Fein

The general impression in Sinn Fein and other circles here was that the exchanges between Mr. De Valera and Mr. Lloyd George constituted only a new stage in the prolonged negotiations. After yesterday's public session of

he dail eireann, at wnich Lamonn de Valera was unanimously elected lead-

ment v as held.

Mr. de Valera, in accepting re-election, said he had been credited with doing things that had been done by his comrades, mentioning Mr. Griffith Michael Collins and others. He added that there never had been differences between himself and his colleagues, and that when the British arrested him at Black Rock they found on him a document signed by the ministry which proved his assertion.

During the session of parliament and defray its own living and personal expenses.

The Pan-American Union building at 17th and B streets will be used for the meetings of the conference and rooms in the Navy building nearby will be set aside for the use of members and attaches of the secretariat.

About 500 Expected.

The strength of the various foreign delegations has not yet been determined and the total is variously estimated.

No. 28,244. Entered as second-class matter post office Washington, D. C. WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1921-EIGHTEEN PAGES. U. S.-GERMAN BUSINESS WILL RESUME AT ONCE

Great Progress in Trading Expected as Result of Peace Treaty. Views on Pact Vary.

People Apprehensive of Crisis
Though Officials Do Not
Take Grave View.

BERLIN. August 27.—American and German business firms will resume peace time relations immediately without waiting for ratification of the treaty signed here on Thursday, it is said in well informed industrial circles of this city.

Lloyd George Declares England and Ireland Are Inseparable in
Answering de Valera.

By the Associated Press,

DUBLIN, August 27.—Members of the Irish republican parliament met at the Mansion House here today to consider the situation which has developed from the firm stand of Prime Jimister Lloyd George relative to 4 settlement of the Irish controversy. The message from the prime minister arrived here last night, and its litimating the threaty signed here and the stuation of the Irish controversy. The message from the prime minister arrived here last night, and its litimating the threaty and the stuation of the Irish controversy. The message from the prime minister arrived here last night, and its litimating the threaty and the stuation of the Irish controversy.

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By the Associated Press.

Company the action of the United States, the soft the United States, the United States, but was nothing agreed relative to commercial interest will head the

"Germany has slight reason to expect anything from America, and, hence, we fared better than we expected." declared a commerial leader yesterday. "The United States makes numerous reservations, and insists upon the advantages which accrue to America by virtue of the treaty of the distance of the versailles, but we will continue to act frankly on the supposition that, although insisting upon 100 per cent of the Versailles treaty, the United States probably will demand the actual execution of less than 50 per cent of the treaty's provisions."

"We accepted the treaty virtually as presented," it was stated by a gov-

Asked if he expected the ratification of the treaty to result in the release of private property held in the United States, the official said: "Under the treaty of 1828, the inviolability of private property was setured, even in the case of war. I do not see how America could do anything else but release this property. This action would bean appreciable stimulus to business."

FOCH WAITS TO TELL

HERRICK OF DECISION

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, August 27.—Marshal Foch, unannounced, yesterday walked into

the American embassy here without

formality, took a seat in the recep-

tion room, and, like the ordinary

Ambassador Herrick

caller, sent up his card, asking to see

When the presence of the distin-

guished visitor became known a sec-

TO COME TO AMERICA

ARMS CONFERENCE **DETAILS ARRANGED**

Delegations Will Have All Privileges Accorded Diplomatic Representatives.

English and French will be the of-ficial languages of the conference and the minutes of the proceedings will be printed in both languages for the convenience-of the delegates. Interpreters will be provided for the

Valera was unanimously elected leader of the Irish republicans with the title of "President of the Irish Republic," and Arthur Griffith, founder of the Sinn Fein, was chosen vice president, a secret session of the parliadent, a secret session of the parliadent.

ALLIED DIPLOMATS HERE DISAPPOINTED BY GERMAN TREATY

first signature on the Versailles treaty, and thus preserve the association which began in 1917. The European any reservations to the Versailles pact which the American government might have proposed. They wanted America's signature on the treaty of Versailles chiefly for moral effect.

cation, but they are quite aware that the factional disputes in the American Senate furnished the underlying reason for the making of a separate peace with Germany. It was a case of preserving harmony in the republican party or disappointing the allied govtion felt that it was more important to appease the domestic situation than to please Europe.

Precedent Set in Europe. On many an occasion the European governments themselves have set a precedent in attaching more weight to their own public opinion and domestic politics than international welfare. One of the so-called big secrets of the Paris peace conference was the inner reason for the failure of that conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to fix the size of the Germanual report of W. L. Peak, superingular to the conference to the

The state of the control of the cont

of course, diplomats do not discuss DRUNK CASES HERE DRUNK CASES HERE INCREASE BY THIRD

rnments, and the Harding administra- Jail Report for Fiscal Year **Shows Preceding Period** Greatly Exceeded.

SENATE TO CONSIDER TAX MEASURE AHEAD OF TARIFF REVISION The Senate finance committee de-

cided today to put the tax bill ahead of the tariff. Consideration of the revenue measure will begin next Thursday by which time hearings on the tariff already scheduled will have been conclud-

cd.

Chairman Penrose announced that it was the hope of the committee to have the tax bill, passed by the House, ready for submission to the Senate when it reconvenes September 21. He fild not make known whether hearings on the tax question would be held.

At the same time, the chairman announced that the hearings on

At the same time, the chairman announced that the hearings on the sugar schedule of the tariff measure, already arranged, would be indefinitely postponed. It is planned to complete open discussion of the metal and wood schedules today and devote Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week to the agricultural list.

U.S.-TURK TIES LIKELY.

Besumption of Diplomatic Beling Considered.

CONSTANTINOPER, August 27—
CRESSIDER OF DIPLOMATINOPER, AUGUST

2,435 MORE BIRTHS THAN DEATHS HERE

Health Officer's Report for Year Is Presented to Commissioners.

Births exceeded deaths by 2,435 in he District during the calendar year that time. When it started could not be ascertained.

Attaches of Gov. Morgan's office were constantly in direct communication with the sheriff's office at Logan.

The number of deaths amounted to 5,463, or a rate of 14.77 per 1,000 of

Ambassador Herrico.

Ambassado

prisoners transferred to Occoquan. The total time apportioned in individual sentences, running from twelve hours, for contempt of court, to "life," for manslaughter or second-degree murder, was 1,212 years, 2 months and 15½ days.

Contrary to Belief.

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No Attack Yet Made.

"No attack yet made," continued the statement, "has been more subtle and more vicious in character and more sponsible."

The total time apportioned in individual safeguards of the most subtle and to create a disregard for the notices served by the health work of the department, and retards the work of the department, and retards the work of the department.

"If violators of the laws relating to health were brought before the court, it would impress them with the importance of more promptly abating more vicious in character and more sponsible."

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The total time apportioned i

DEPUTIES REPULSE ARMED MARCHERS IN MINGO DISTRICT

TWO CENTS.

Turn Back Attack From Positions on Top of Mountain Over Logan.

MINERS BEGIN RETURN: TRAINS TAKE THEM HOME

Gen. Bandholtz Begins Inspection of Line of March With State Officials.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., August 27 .- A large body of armed men seeking to enter Logan county was this morning turned back by a force of deputy sheriffs on the Boone-Logan county line, according to a statement given to the Associated Press over the long-distance telephone by an official connected with Gov. E. F. Morgan's executive office at Charleston. It was added that there had been no casualties, although many shots had been exchanged. Further than this the informant was unable to go.

Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning runors began to circuiste about Blue-field, Huntington and Charleston that an engagement had been fought near Blair, close to the Boone county line. All efforts to confirm these rumors failed until communication was es-tablished with the governor's office.

Firing on Mountain Reported.

Firing on Mountain Reported.

It has not been determined whether the body of men engaged by the deputies was a part of the Marmet-Mingo marchers, who yesterday were persuaded by C. F. Keeney, president of District 17, United Mine Workers of America, to abandon the march and return to their homes.

At 3 o'clock this morning the telephone operator at Logan is said to have told the Charleston Gazette that firing then was in progress near Blair; that the deputies were on top of a mountain ridge overlooking the town, the armed men at the foot. Firing, it the armed men at the foot. Firing, it was added, had been spasmodic up to that time. When it started could not

purchase of electric cages in which pound. At the present time these animals are placed in a box and killed by charcoal fumes. An electrocuting cage, the health officer believes, would be more humane.

Dr. Fowler also renews his recommendations of last year that the Commissioners endeavor to have Congress enact a law for the control of social diseases in the District and also a new law to safeguard the milk supply of the city.

Milk Law Needed.

The milk law, Dr. Fowler reported, "is badly needed for the protection of the public health."

Practically every state in the Union now has a law requiring the reporting of venereal diseases.

In discussing violations of the regulations against public nuisances, the report states:

"Attention is again called to the condition which is a part of the public health."

Attain carrying the Madison party back to Charleston is expected to arrive at, the latter place some time this methalic. rive at the latter place some time this merning.

2.000 STILL IN RACINE.

Leaders Say They Are Waiting for

President Keeney of the United Mine Workers, were still in Racine this morning. Their leaders said they were waiting for special trains on the Coal River branch of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad to take them down to the main line, from which point they would go to their homes. The trains were expected here before All through the night men were

All through the hight men were drifting in along the road from Peytona, where the main body was stopped yesterday by President Keeney. Many of them rested for a short time here and continued their way to Marmet.

Many others trooped over the hills reading a short cut into the surseeking a short cut into the sur-rounding counties from which they

ber were still beyond Peytona and Racine, and that they would have a 'good rest" before starting for their tomes.

KEENEY IN CHARLESTON.